



Great Bay Community College

Annual Security Report

Great Bay Community College - Rochester

5 Milton Road

Rochester, NH 03867

This report was last updated on October 1, 2021



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2021 Crime Awareness and Campus Security Information Report

Great Bay Community College Rochester

This information is provided to meet the requirements of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998. Great Bay Community College Campus Safety Department prepared this report using statistical and other information supplied by GBCC Student Affairs, Portsmouth Police Department, Newington Police Department, Exeter Police Department, Rochester Police Department, North Hampton Police Department, Rockingham County Sheriff's Department, Strafford County Sheriff's Department, and the New Hampshire State Police.

Great Bay Community College – Rochester is located at 5 Milton Road Rochester, NH.

ANNUAL CAMPUS CRIME REPORT: SAFETY AND SECURITY INFORMATION

Campus Safety coordinates all public safety services with other key College, State, and local officials. Safety Officers do have a regular evening presence at the Rochester Campus and also are available via phone and email to assist with any issues at the Portsmouth Campus. Safety officers are **NOT** sworn law enforcement personnel and do **NOT** have the power of arrest; however, they work very closely with the local police departments and other city departments.

Notice of Availability of Annual Security Report

Before October 1, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students and employees to provide the website URL to access this report. A link to the Annual Security Report is accessible on the Human Resources and Admissions webpages. Paper copies of this report are available by contacting Campus Safety at (603) 427-7697.

The report and crime statistics are updated annually.

REPORTING CRIMES AND EMERGENCIES

All Emergency calls should be made to 911 from all campus and off-campus telephones. Regular business calls of a non-emergency nature can be made to the Campus Safety at (603) 427-7697 or Rochester Police Department (603) 330-7127 at any time.

When notifying Campus Safety or the Rochester Police Department of criminal activity, please provide the following information:

- Your name;
- Location of the incident you are reporting;
- A description of the scene, suspects and the nature of the incident;
- A description of any vehicles involved in the incident, especially a license plate number;

The most important thing to remember is that suspicion of a crime does not require proof if you suspect that a crime is being committed or has been committed call **911** or GBCC Campus Safety at 603-427-7697 immediately.

On-Campus Reporting

When members of the College community receive a report of criminal activity on campus, they should immediately notify Campus Safety. They may also contact a designated **Campus Security Authority** (CSA) who will then consult with Campus Safety.

Off-Campus Reporting

If criminal activity takes place at an off-campus location rented, leased, or owned by the College, community members should contact the local police department with jurisdiction. **The phone number for the Rochester Police Department is 603-330-7127.**

Reporting Laws and Policies

Under NH state law, College officials must report crimes including hazing, child and elder abuse, and treatment given for gunshot wounds. Employees at GBCC should report suspected cases of sexual harassment of students by employees of GBCC to supervisors and, or other appropriate individuals or offices. GBCC officials will also help the victims to report if asked to do so. Crime statistics are gathered annually from GBCC *Campus Security Authorities* via online and campus mail reporting.

Any suspected crime report should be made to a *Campus Security Authority* immediately and communicated to the GBCC Campus Safety. Campus Safety will then contact the Rochester Police Department.

Great Bay Community College has no general written policy regarding confidential reporting that allows the victim or witness to remain anonymous. However, there is an anonymous report available on the Great Bay Community College website on the Campus Safety page. There is a Seacoast Crime Stoppers hotline **(603) 431-1199**, operated 24 hours a day, seven days a week for people to call and confidentially report criminal activity in the City of Rochester. Also, HAVEN located on 20 International Drive in Rochester offers free, confidential, and accessible assistance in reporting sexual or domestic violence. The **HAVEN 24-Hour Crisis Hotline is (603) 994-7233.**

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

A Campus Security Authority is any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or campus safety department; any official of the College who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings. If such an official is a pastoral or professional counselor, the official is not considered a campus security authority when acting in that capacity. Campus Security Authorities are:

Campus Safety Department

Portsmouth Campus – 1st Floor
603-427-7697

Student Affairs

Vice President of Student Success and Enrollment Management
Portsmouth Campus – Room 111C
603-427-7631

Coordinator of Student Life & Student Club Advisors

Portsmouth Campus – Room 84
603-427-7704

Coordinator of Athletics & Athletic Coaches

Portsmouth Campus – Room 83 603-427-7733

Title IX Coordinator

Portsmouth Campus – Room 111C
603-427-7631

Judicial Advisor

Portsmouth Campus – Room 145C
603-427-7627

BUILDING SECURITY

Pre-Pandemic - Academic and administrative offices are secured each day at the end of their operating hours. Rochester doors unlocked/locked based upon stated hours.

After-hours entry is only available to faculty, staff, and students accompanied by a faculty/staff member, who is authorized by the College Administration. Building hours during semester breaks, College holidays, and summer may be reduced or modified from the normal operating hours.

During the current COVID-19 Pandemic – All doors are locked at all times throughout the majority of the day. Access to the building is granted by use of a video door bell and controlled from the front desk.

There is no access to the campus by the public and only limited and specific staff are currently assigned to work on the campus.

Opening of a marked external emergency exit or security door or deliberately propping open a door that is intended to be locked is prohibited. Great Bay Community College-Rochester has a fire detection systems and alarms directly connected to the City of Rochester dispatch center. Facilities personnel are present during operating hours and, or are on-call to address the physical needs of the building and any situations or emergencies that may arise.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS

Great Bay Community College-Rochester policies guide emergency response and evacuation procedures, including the use of the College's Emergency Notification System. These policies and procedures require the campus director, or designee, to immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring on the campus, unless issuing a notification will compromise efforts to mitigate the emergency. Emergency messages will include information on what has occurred and instruction on what to do next.

Emergency notification and updates to the campus community are made through the following mechanisms:

- **Rave:** a free service that automatically sends a brief text message alerting the community regarding an emergency on the Rochester campus to email accounts or cell phones. GBCC students, faculty, staff, and affiliates can sign up at <http://www.getrave.com/login/greatbay>
- **Directed Communications/Blast email:** Using the GBCC email system to alert students, faculty, and staff.
- **Fliers:** posted on bulletin boards, outdoor boards, and kiosks.
- **GBCC website:** <http://greatbay.edu>
- **Local area radio and television stations and print media.**

Please visit <http://greatbay.edu/campus-life/campus-safety> for emergency response and evacuation procedures. Emergency response and evacuation procedures are tested on an annual basis. Notice of the annual test is made through GBCC social media, and email system.

TIMELY WARNINGS

In compliance with the **Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act** (Clery Act), the Great Bay Community College Campus Safety will post **timely warnings** for the College to notify members of the community about serious or continuing crimes that occur on campus. Knowing such crimes will assist community members in making informed decisions about their safety and in preventing similar crimes from occurring. These warnings are posted if a serious crime on campus constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat to the community. These crimes should

be reported to the GBCC Campus Safety, a GBCC Campus Security Authority, or the Rochester Police Department.

The decision to issue a timely warning will be decided on a case-by-case basis in compliance with the Clery Act. The decision is made by the GBCC Safety Chief or his/her designee, considering all available facts, whether the crime is considered a serious or continuing threat to students or employees and the possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts.

The Great Bay Community College Campus Safety may issue timely warnings for the following incidents:

- Criminal Homicide
- Sex Offenses (Rape, Fondling, Incest, and Statutory Rape)
- Robbery
- Aggravated assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Major incidents of Arson
- Domestic Violence, Dating Violence or Stalking
- Hate Crimes
- Other crimes as determined necessary by the Chief of GBCC Campus Safety, or designee, in the absence of the Supervisor.

The Great Bay Community College Campus Safety does not issue timely warnings for the above-listed crimes if:

- The subject(s) apprehended and the apprehension has mitigated the threat of imminent danger to the GBCC community.
- If a report was not filed with GBCC Campus Safety or if campus security authorities did not notify GBCC Campus Safety in a manner that would allow the department to post a “timely” warning to the community. Unless there are extenuating circumstances, a report that is filed more than five days after the date of the alleged incident may not allow GBCC Campus Safety to post a “timely” warning to the community. This type of situation will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

A timely warning and updates will be distributed to the campus through any one or more of the following mechanisms:

- **Rave:** a free service that automatically sends a brief text message alerting the community regarding an emergency on the Rochester campus to email accounts or cell phones. GBCC students, faculty, staff, and affiliates can sign up at <http://www.getrave.com/login/greatbay>
- **Directed Communications/Blast email:** Using the GBCC email system to alert students, faculty, and staff.
- **Fliers:** posted on bulletin boards, outdoor boards, and kiosks.

- **GBCC website:** <http://greatbay.edu>
- **Local area radio and television stations and print media.**

A copy of the timely warning will be filed in the corresponding case file.

Great Bay Community College Campus Safety may also issue “**Safety Alerts,**” when necessary, to appraise the GBCC community of safety issues and concerns. These “safety bulletins” will include safety tips and recommendations to follow so that the GBCC community can make informed decisions about personal safety.

Great Bay Community College Campus Safety also maintains a daily crime log that contains all crimes reported to the department. The daily crime log is available at the Main Security desk in Portsmouth on the 1st floor.

SEXUAL ASSAULT, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING

The procedures that GBCC will follow once an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has been reported mirror those already covered in this publication. A student or employee who reports to GBCC that s/he has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether it occurred on or off-campus, will be provided with a written explanation of his or her rights and options as outlined in this publication. Also, the GBCC Title IX Coordinator will be informed of any, and all reports, and will coordinate, as appropriate, with the police, Office of Community Standards and other campus staff on a need-to-know basis.

Prevention of retaliation: No officer, employee, or agent of GBCC shall retaliate, intimidate, threaten, coerce, or otherwise discriminate against any individual for exercising their rights or responsibilities under the Campus SAFE Act. Title IX already prohibits such retaliation.

During August 2018, orientation and fall 2018, all new and incoming students and new employees will be informed about primary prevention and awareness programs and learn that GBCC prohibits domestic and dating violence, sexual assault, stalking or any form of sexual violence. The definitions of these violations are covered earlier in this publication and New Hampshire RSA links below.

Guidelines regarding consent and expressed permission: the following guidelines may help guide your choices while at GBCC

Expressed Consent at GBCC: consent to engage in sexual activity must be given by each partner. Expressed Consent is mutual agreement, based on shared desire for specific sexual activities that are expressed verbally or nonverbally. Examples of expressed consent include, but are not limited to: (a) an ongoing verbal interaction, taken one step at a time, to engage in escalating sexual intimacy; (b) mutual awareness of possible unwanted consequences of sexual activities such as pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases and taking precautions to avoid these consequences and (c) an ongoing

recognition that consent to some sexual activities does not imply consent to other, different, or more intimate sexual activities”.

Examples of non-consensual sex include but are not limited to: threatening, forcing, manipulating, intimidating, blackmailing, drugging, and causing a person to become intoxicated as a substitute for expressed consent or engaging in unwelcome sexual activity with a sleeping or incapacitated person.

New Hampshire Law RSA 632-A describes the circumstances where sexual activity is not considered consensual. The safest, least ambiguous way to seek and receive consent is to use words. If you want consent, ask verbally and require a verbal answer. There should be mutual agreement, based on a shared desire for specific sexual activities and mutual discussion and awareness of the possible consequences for sexual activity. Remaining open, respectful, and accepting of each partner’s expressing of agreement or disagreement to engage in sexual activity.

Expressed permission is an ongoing interaction, step by step, that leads to an expressed “yes” from both partners. Seeking and receiving express permission to engage in sexual activity is least ambiguous when the behavior of seeking and expressing permission is done with words. Although it may be possible to seek and express permission without words, consent is far clearer when done with words. Ambiguity can lead a person to think that they sought permission or received permission when in fact, they did not.

The GBCC Title IX Coordinator is the Director of the Affirmative Action and Equity Office. URL is www.GBCC.edu/affirmativeaction/index.html

If you are a victim of sexual assault or any form of sexual violence, you may choose to:

- Call 911 and report the incident to the police. Once you report the crime, the police are then obligated to begin a formal investigation;
- Contact confidential support resources: HAVEN advocate at (603) 994-7233 (SAFE) to discuss your options. All services are free and confidential. Advocates can be reached 24hours a day/ 7-days a week/ 365-days/year. Advocates can accompany you to the hospital, police, GBCC Title IX, Student Conduct, court and other systems. HAVEN provides ongoing support and assistance, including academic interventions, referrals, and support options for short term and long-term care.
- Seek medical attention. Emergency Departments throughout NH can examine and treat any injuries you may have received. Emergency rooms can also prescribe emergency antibiotics to prevent the spread of some STDs as well as emergency contraceptives to prevent unwanted pregnancy;
- Most NH hospitals employ specially trained Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE). Some SANEs need to be called into the hospital, so it may be helpful for victims (or advocates) to call ahead to notify the hospital that a victim will be arriving.

- Complete a Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Kit. This kit, provided by the NH Attorney General’s Office, collects evidence that could be helpful if you decide to report the assault to the police. Kits can be completed in any NH Emergency Department without charge to the victim, even if the victim chooses not to proceed legally. If you are thinking about completing a kit, please note the following:
- Victims may choose to complete the kit anonymously. The kit will be referenced with an identification number and stored by the State for three months. At any time during this period, the victim can report the crime and the kit will be brought forward to the NH Crime Lab for analysis;

Evidence diminishes over time. Anyone reporting a sexual assault to emergency department personnel should be offered the option of completing an evidence collection kit up to 5 days after the assault. However, time, washing, changing one’s clothes or “cleaning up” after the assault will all increase the likelihood that valuable evidence will be destroyed. It’s important to bring a complete change of clothing if possible. Clothing worn at the time of the assault may contain evidence and will, likely, be taken as part of the kit.

- Hospitals in N.H. are required to immediately call an advocate from the local crisis center whenever someone seeks services for sexual assault. It is your choice whether you speak with him/her at that time.
- **Receive testing for date rape drugs** – If you believe that you may have been drugged as part of the assault, you can ask emergency department staff to test for the presence of drugs in your system. Because date rape drugs decompose quickly within your system, blood tests must be done within 48 hours of ingesting the substance. A urine test may contain evidence up to 72 hours after ingestion; receive follow-up testing and care for pregnancy and, or STD’s.

Victim/Survivor Advocates

HAVEN in Rochester provides trained advocates who are available 24 hours a day. Advocates can accompany you to the police department, hospital, and court; help provide confidential emergency shelter; and provide ongoing support and assistance. HAVEN of Rochester is located at 20 International Drive in Portsmouth, and their main number is (603) 436-4107, their **24- hour crisis line is (603) 994-7233**, and their website is <https://havennh.org/>

NH Coalition against Domestic and Sexual Violence: 24-hour hotline for domestic violence is 1-866-644-3564, and 24hour hotline for sexual assault is 1-800-277-5570.

In accordance with the US Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights guidelines, “responsible employees” who learn of an incident involving a member of the GBCC community must report incidents of sexual violence to either the Director of Affirmative Action or GBCC-M Campus Safety(GBCC Police Department). A “responsible employee” is obligated to report incidents of sexual violence. A “responsible employee” is defined by the Office of Civil Rights as an employee who has the authority to take action to redress sexual violence, who has been given the duty of reporting incidents

of sexual violence or any other misconduct by students to the Title IX Coordinator or other appropriate school designee, or to whom a student could reasonably believe has the authority or duty.” Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act of 2013.

See <http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/qa-201404-title-ix.pdf> for complete text of The US Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights “Questions and Answers on Title IX and Sexual Violence,” guidance document, dated April 29, 2014.

Faculty and staff who are victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking or who wish to receive more information about prevention, counseling, advocacy, or other services may also contact their GBCC Human Resources Partner.

CAMPUS SEX CRIME PREVENTION ACT AND DUTY TO REPORT

Under the Federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, sex offenders who are otherwise required to register in a state must notify the state of each institution of higher education at which the offender is employed, enrolled as a student or carries on a vocation. If a registered sex offender is employed, enrolled or carries on a vocation at the College, the State of New Hampshire must promptly notify the College and Rochester Police Department. Under [CHAPTER 651-B: REGISTRATION OF CRIMINAL OFFENDERS](#), a convicted sex offender, who is required to register, must inform the appropriate law enforcement authorities of his or her mailing address, place of residence or temporary domicile, and place of employment or schooling.

Members of the GBCC community who wish to obtain information regarding registered sex offenders should contact Rochester Police Departments to review the registry. Community members may also obtain Megan's Law information from the state's Web site at <http://business.nh.gov/NSOR/search.aspx>

ALCOHOL AND ILLEGAL DRUGS

The Great Bay Community College is committed to maintaining an environment of teaching and learning that is free of illicit drugs and alcohol. For many years, the College has had in place a policy to assist those with substance abuse, and a list of agencies available to support faculty, staff, and students is provided in various

Great Bay Community College's publications. The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989 require that the Great Bay Community College, as a recipient of federal funds, including federally provided student financial aid, notify its students and employees annually that the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on College property is prohibited.

In compliance with the requirements of the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989, all students and employees of the Great Bay Community College are notified of the following:

- A. The unlawful possession, use, and distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on the College campus or during College-sponsored activities are prohibited.

- B. Students and employees who are found to violate this stated prohibition may be subject to arrest and conviction under the applicable criminal laws of local municipalities, the State of New Hampshire, or the United States. A conviction can result in sanctions, including probation, fines, and imprisonment.
- C. Students who are found to violate this stated prohibition are subject to discipline under the procedures of the Student Conduct System.
- D. Discipline may include disciplinary probation or dismissal from the College.
- E. Faculty and staff employees who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition are subject to discipline in accordance with the applicable College employment rules and procedures. Discipline may include probation, suspension, or termination of employment. In addition to the above requirements, and in accordance with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, all employees are notified that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of a controlled substance by College employees on College premises or off our premises while conducting College business is prohibited. Violation of this policy will result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination and may have further legal consequences.

PREVENTION AND AWARENESS RAISING ACTIVITIES

Great Bay Community College sponsors many excellent programs that raise awareness about and help prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Some of these programs include:

- **October {Relationship Abuse Awareness Month} Watch campus advertising for details**
- January is Human Trafficking Awareness Month.
- January {National Stalking Awareness Month} Watch campus advertising for details
- **February is Teen Dating Violence Awareness Month.**
- April Sexual Assault Awareness Month

Prevention and Awareness Raising Programs

Just the Basics

This program is approximately 60 minutes.

This program is an interactive presentation of what is sexual violence, relationship violence, and stalking. This program includes information and statistics about incidence here at GBCC and the larger community. This program also includes campus resources for survivors and allies of survivors.

Living in a Rape Culture

This program is approximately 60 minutes.

This program looks at the ways women and men have adapted to living in a “rape culture” and how popular media and culture reinforce behaviors. Activities enable participants to examine what a rape

culture is and how this context affects the daily lives of women and men differently. This program will use exercises and visuals to facilitate discussion about rape culture

You Can Help!

The requestor determines the duration of this program.

This program engages Herons about the importance of their role in helping to end sexual violence at GBCC. The program empowers students to help make GBCC a safer community.

Faculty and staff who are victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking or who wish to receive more information about prevention, counseling, advocacy, or other services may also contact their GBCC human resource partner.

Great Bay Community College provides information to students and employees about various services on and off campus regarding sexual assault and relationship violence. Immediately below is a list.

SAFETY TIPS, RESOURCES, SERVICES AND OTHER ASSISTANCE

The Great Bay Community College provides direct service programs to the members of the College community. Groups in the Rochester area also provide programs and services to the members of the College community programs which are dedicated to the prevention of crime on campus; they vary in scope and content, with the emphasis on community involvement. Specific programs dealing with campus safety include the following:

City (Rochester)

Seacoast Mental Health Center	603 668-4111
NH Area Assembly of Alcoholics Anonymous	(800) 593-3330
HAVEN (domestic and sexual violence)	603 994-7233

GBCC Campus Safety (603-427-7697)

Campus Safety provides and facilitates various lectures, discussions, and training throughout the academic year on safety and security-related topics. The key to preventing crime is awareness, which is best achieved through education. At GBCC, security, faculty, staff, students, and others help one another to take responsibility for their respective safety and security.

General Safety Tips

Here are some easy ways to prevent thefts and other crimes to yourself and your property while on campus:

When you park:

Lock ignition and remove keys. Close and lock windows and doors.

Keep all valuables out of sight; use the trunk whenever possible. Choose a well-lit area to park at night.

When returning to your vehicle, have your keys ready and check interior before entering.

When you walk:

NEVER WALK ALONE, especially at night.

Do not take shortcuts; travel well-lit busy routes.

If you feel like you're being followed, change directions and head for an area with lights and people. If you're in trouble, **SCREAM!!!** It's your number one defense.

When you report suspicious persons or incidents:

Call 911 or 603-427-7697 and stay on the phone where it is safe or until told otherwise.

Supply the address of the incident.

Give the number of individuals who are involved.

Describe what is happening.

Obtain a description of suspects (approximate age, height, weight, complexion, and clothing) Notice if any weapons are involved.

When you drive:

Do not pick up hitchhikers.

Keep your doors locked; be alert at traffic stops.

Do not lower windows for strangers; demand credentials.

If stalled, ask for aid through a cracked window; remain in your vehicle; travel on well-lit streets.

Tips on Being an Effective Bystander

Sexual assault and relationship abuse impact many people on college campuses. Nationally, it's estimated that one in five women will be sexually assaulted in their lifetimes and that they are most vulnerable between the ages of 16 and 24. College aged men and women also experience relationship abuse at high rates. As a bystander, you may wonder what you can do to help.

Hurons are Active Bystanders

Most people don't commit sexual assault or hurt their partners. However, learning to recognize the signs when someone is in danger, and stepping in to prevent it, is important, this is called being an active bystander. Active bystanders learn how to recognize and safely intervene in potentially dangerous situations. Sometimes this means distracting someone who appears to be targeting someone too drunk to consent. Other times, it means reaching out to GBC staff or the police for help.

Some simple steps to becoming an Active Bystander:

Notice the situation: Be aware of your surroundings.

- **Interpret it as a problem:** Do I recognize that someone needs help?
- **Feel responsible to act:** See yourself as being part of the solution to help.
- **Know what to do:** Educate yourself on what to do.
- **Intervene safely:** Take action but be sure to keep yourself safe.

How to Intervene Safely:

- **Tell another person.** Being with others is a good idea when a situation looks dangerous.
- **Ask a victim if he/she is okay.** Provide options and a listening ear.
- **Ask the person if he/she wants to leave.** Make sure that he/she gets home safely.
- **Call the police (911) or someone else in authority or yell for help.**
- **Or call the National Sexual Assault Hotline at 1.800.656.HOPE.**

Acting as a community helps GBCC be a safe place. Remember these tips when you are out

What can my friends and I do to be safe?

Have a plan.

Talk with your friends about your plans for the night **BEFORE** you go out. Do you feel like *drinking*? Are you interested in *hooking up*? Where do you want to go? Having a clear plan ahead of time helps friends look after one another.

Go out together.

Go out as a group and come home as a group; never separate and never leave your friend(s) behind.

Watch out for others.

If you are walking at night with friends and notice a woman walking by herself in the same direction, ask her to join you, so she doesn't have to walk alone.

Diffuse situations.

If you see a friend coming on too strong to someone who may be too drunk to make a consensual decision, interrupt, distract, or redirect the situation. If you are too embarrassed or shy to speak out, get someone else to step in.

Trust your instincts.

If a situation or person doesn't seem "right" to you, trust your gut and remove yourself, if possible, from the situation.

ONLINE RESOURCES

[Rape and Incest National Network \(RAINN\) V- Day](#) <http://www.vday.org/index.html> [The Joyful Heart Foundation](#)
[No More](#)
[After the Silence](#)
[It Happened to Alexa Foundation](#)
[Peace Over Violence](#)
[Military Rape Crisis Center](#)
[Love is Respect](#)
[New Hampshire Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence](#) [National Network to End Domestic Violence](#)
[National Center on Domestic and Sexual Violence](#) [The Battered Women's Justice Project](#)
[National Online Resource Center on Violence Against Women \(VAWnet\)](#) [National Resource Center for Young Adult/Teen Dating Violence Awareness Month](#)
[Red Flags for Abusive Relationships](#) [The Pixel Project](#)
[Break the Cycle](#)
[Dating Matters™ Initiative](#) [The National Sexual Violence Resource Center](#)
[CALCASA](#)
[National Violence Against Women Prevention Research Center](#)

Campus focused

[Clery Center for Security on Campus, Inc.](#)
[Campus Outreach Services](#)

Male focused

[Male Survivor](#) [The White Ribbon Campaign](#) [Men Stopping Rape](#) [Welcome to 1in6](#)
[Men Can Stop Rape](#)
[My Strength is not For Hurting](#)
[Men Stopping Violence](#)

LBGTQ+

<http://www.glbthotline.org> [The Violence Recovery Program \(VRP\) at Fenway Health](#) [Gay Men's Domestic Violence Project](#)
[New Hampshire Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence.](#)

CRIME STATISTICS REPORT DEFINITIONS

The statistical report for calendar years, 2018, 2019 and 2020 are shown below. The following is a list of crime definitions provided for a better understanding of how statistics are counted and categorized:

Definitions

In addition to the statistical profile presented at the web address and in this document, a list of definitions is included and provides basic information about each crime category.

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter is the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded.

Manslaughter by negligence is the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and, or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury results from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes, this definition includes an unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. An incident must meet three conditions: a) evidence of unlawful entry (trespass), b) unlawful entry must occur within a structure that has four walls, roof, and door; c) the structure was unlawfully entered to commit a felony or theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned - including joyriding)

Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

Weapon Law Violations are violations of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature. Manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons, carrying deadly

weapons, concealed or openly, using, manufacturing, etc. silencers, furnishing deadly weapons to minors, aliens possession deadly weapons. This type of violation also applies to weapons used in a deadly manner.

Drug Abuse Violations are violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and, or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and, or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.

Liquor Law Violations are the violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; underage possession, maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Sex Offenses are any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and, or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

- A. *Rape is the*** penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina, or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person without the consent of the victim. This definition includes any gender of victim or perpetrator.
- B. *Fondling is*** the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- C. *Incest*** is non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- D. *Statutory Rape*** is non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Age of consent in NH (under the age of 16, unless that person is the other person's legal spouse – NH RSA 632- A:3). Relationships which constitute incest (ancestor, descendant, brother or sister, of the whole or half-blood, or an uncle, aunt, nephew or niece; The relationships referred to herein include blood relationships without regard to legitimacy, stepchildren, and relationships of parent and child by adoption NH RSA 639-A:2.).

Domestic violence is a felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim or intimate partner, a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies (under VAWA), or any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Dating violence is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the following factors: length of the relationship, type of relationship, frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. (NH State does not have a dating violence law; it all falls under domestic violence.)

Stalking is to engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Hate Crime is a criminal offense committed against a person or property which is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, religion, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, ethnicity, or national origin. Hate crimes include any offense that is motivated by bias: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sex offenses (rape, incest, statutory rape, and fondling), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, destruction/damage/vandalism of property, intimidation, and simple assault.

If a hate crime occurs where there is an incident involving intimidation, vandalism, larceny, simple assault or other bodily injury, the law requires that the statistic be reported as a hate crime even though there is no requirement to report the crime classification in any other area of the compliance document.

A bias-related (hate) crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but it is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender's bias. For example, a person assaults another person, which is a crime. If the facts of the case indicate that the **offender** was motivated to commit the offense because of his/her bias against the victim's race, sexual orientation, the assault is then classified as a hate crime.

Larceny-Theft is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession to constructive possession of another.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of property is to willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

Intimidation is to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and, or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.

CRIME STATISTICS REPORT

The statistical report for the last three calendar years is shown below. The following is a list of location definitions provided for better understanding of how statistics are counted and categorized:

On-Campus - Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and

Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution and controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as food or other retail vendors).

A Non-Campus Building or Property - Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or

Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property - All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Reported GBCC-Rochester Crime Statistics for the Last Three Years

Offense	Year	Location		
		On Campus Properties	Public Property	Unfounded crimes
Murder, Non-negligent Manslaughter				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Rape				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Fondling				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Incest				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Statutory Rape				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Robbery				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault				
	2018	0	0	0

	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Burglary				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Arson				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0

Stalking				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Domestic Violence				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Dating Violence				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0

	2020	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Arrests				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action				
	2018	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0

There were no reported hate crimes during calendar years 2018, 2019 or 2020.

A hard copy of this report can be obtained by contacting Campus Safety at the Safety Desk on the 1st floor of the Portsmouth building (603) 427-7697, GBCC Human Resources (603) 427-7603, and GBCC Office of Admissions (603) 427-7632.

There were no crimes that were unfounded by GBCC during the past three years.